Unit 3 Language in use

Ⅰ 单词·短语·句式——逐点练 (答案见140页)

一、用所给单词的适当形式填空

1. —What _____ your brother _____(do) now?
   —He _____ (do) some reading at the moment.
2. —Where is Jane?
   —She is in the kitchen. She _____ (make) some dumplings. She often _____ (do) that on Sunday morning.
3. I have _____(get) some photos of Lantern Festival.
4. I _____ (put) on the coat now.
5. Look! Danny _____ lunch in the dining hall. He often _____(have) it at school.

二、单项选择

6. Father Christmas is an old man _____ a long white beard.
   A. in B. at C. with D. to
7. The red light _____ "stop".
   A. mean B. means C. meaning D. to mean
8. My mother often tells me _____ the teachers carefully in class.
   A. listen B. listen to
   C. to listen D. to listen to
9. (中考·河北)You _____. Don't talk on the phone.
   A. will drive B. are driving
   C. were driving D. have driven
10. —What's Jack doing now?
    —_____.
    A. He is at home B. This is his house
    C. He is playing football D. His mother is there

三、根据图片提示,完成问句或答语

11. 
    —What're they doing?
    —They _____ dinner.
12. 
    —_____ Tom _____ the floor?
    —Yes, he is.
13. 
    _____ Helen _____ in bed?
    —Yes, she is.
14. 
    —Is the boy having dinner?
    —_____, _____ _____.
15. 
    _____ Mike and Mary _____ an English class?
    —Yes, they are.

四、按要求完成句子,每空一词

16. Does Jenny watch TV at weekends? (用now改为现在进行时)
    _____ Jenny _____ TV now?
17. The boys are making some lanterns. (改为否定句)
    The boys _____ making _____ lanterns.
18. She's reading. (对画线部分提问)
    _____ she _____?
19. Red means good luck in China. (对画线部分提问)
    _____ _____ red _____ in China?
20. Xu Li is watching a football match now. (改为同义句)
    Xu Li is watching a football match _____ _____ _____.

五、根据汉语完成句子

21. 你能告诉我有关你们国家元宵节的情况吗?
    Can you _____ _____ _____ the Lantern Festival in your country?
22. 因为下雨,我今天上课迟到了。
    I am late for class _____ _____ the rain.
23. 我们总是从家人和朋友那里得到礼物。
    We always _____ presents _____ our family and friends.
24. 我非常喜欢刘德华的歌。
    I _____ the songs by Liu Dehua _____ _____.
25. 在大多数西方国家圣诞节是最重要的节日。
    Christmas is _____ _____ _____ _____ in most Western countries.

Ⅱ 阅读·综合——培优练 (答案见140页)

六、阅读理解(词数:约230 建议用时:7分钟)

In China, Spring Festival is the most important festival. It comes on the first day of the first lunar month(阴历月).

Student: Two big hands.
学生:两只大手。

Before Spring Festival comes, people go out to buy things, such as meat, chicken, fish, fruit, sweets and new clothes. They clean their houses and decorate(装饰) them. The Chinese character *fu* is a must. It is usually stuck(贴) upside down, which means "*fu* comes".

The celebrations begin on the night before the lunar New Year. The family get together for a big dinner. If a person is far from home, he will always try to get home for this big dinner. After the dinner, the whole family will sit together, talk to each other and watch TV.

During the holidays, they go to visit relatives(亲戚) and friends and exchange(交换) New Year greetings. They sit around talking and eating candies, cakes and all kinds of delicious food. Every family prepares something special. Each child will get money as a New Year gift. People in the north of China often eat dumplings for breakfast. People in the south often eat *niangao* because *niangao* means "higher and higher one year after another".

The celebrations last (持续) 15 days. It will come to an end when Lantern Festival finishes.

根据短文内容判断句子正(T)误(F)。

( )26. In China Spring Festival is on the first day of January.

( )27. People usually buy many things before Spring Festival in China.

( )28. Usually, the celebrations are from the eve of the lunar New Year to Lantern Festival.

( )29. The whole family usually sit together, chatting and watching TV after the big dinner.

( )30. People in the north often eat *niangao*.

模块整合与拔高

Ⅰ 核心语法——整合练 (答案见 140 页)

一、用所给单词的适当形式填空

1. —Is your mother at home?
—Yes. She _____ (put) things away.

2. —Where are your parents?
—Oh, they are in Florence and _____ (celebrate) their 25th wedding anniversary.

3. Listen! Who _____ (sing) in the room?

4. (中考·滨州)Would you mind turning down the music? I _____(write) a report now.

5. —Where is Linda?
—Oh, she _____ (lie) in bed.

二、单项选择

6. (中考·沈阳)Be quiet! I _____ my homework.
A. am doing B. have done
C. do D. did

7. —You look worried. What's wrong?
—I went for a job interview(面试) yesterday and I _____ the result.
A. waited for B. was waiting for
C. am waiting for D. will wait for

8. —Can Peter play games with us, Mrs. Hawking?
—Wait a minute. He _____ a shower.
A. is taking B. takes
C. take D. was taking

9. —May I speak to the headmaster(校长)?
—He _____ a meeting now. Can I take a message (捎信)?
A. have B. has
C. is hasing D. is having

10. (中考·临沂)Turn off the water while(当……时) you _____ your teeth or washing your hands.
A. were brushing B. brush
C. are brushing D. brushed

三、按要求完成句子

11. My parents are making cakes for me. (改为一般疑问句,并作肯定回答)
_____ _____ parents _____ cakes for you?
_____, _____ _____.

12. We are cleaning the classroom. (改为一般疑问句,并作否定回答)
_____ you _____ the classroom?
_____, _____ _____.

13. My mother is washing some clothes. (改为否定句)
My mother _____ washing _____ clothes.